# Economic Analysis of Water Supply, Water Quality/Other and Flood Damage Reduction Benefits Prop 84 Round 1

Farhad Farnam
Steve Hatchett
Roger Mann
Lorraine Marsh



#### Overview of Presentation

- Purposes
- Overview and structure of Prop 84
   Implementation PSP economic analysis
- Cost information
- Benefit information

#### **Purposes of Presentation**

- Help applicants understand the economic analysis requirements
- Provide additional guidance where PSP offers options
- Discuss difficult parts of economic analysis
- Answer general questions; proposal-specific questions in breakout sessions
- Collect information needed to develop Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) for economic analysis

## Each Proposal Must Include

- Cost details for each project
- Description of the project's benefits by reference to a future without the project: who, when and where
- Quantified estimates of physical benefits, if feasible
- Quantified economic benefits, if feasible
- Adequate quality and documentation of benefits consistent with project cost

#### Principles for Economic Analysis

- With-project and without-project conditions should be consistent across projects
  - Except flood damage reduction is evaluated at current level of development
- Include all costs, not just grant-funded portion
- Assumptions for quantitative analysis
  - Analysis period must equal project life
  - Use 6 percent to discount future real costs, benefits
  - Show all costs and benefits in year 2009 dollars
  - Real costs or benefits can trend over time

## Planning Horizon Analysis

- Account for timing of costs and changing conditions over future years
- Do not confuse a hydrologic sequence with a planning horizon
- Use average annual values at current level of development for flood damage reduction benefits

#### Costs to be included

- All capital, O&M, and future replacement
- All associated costs (needed to achieve benefits)
- Include current market value (opportunity cost) of any resources (land, volunteer labor) committed to the project, even if they were purchased in the past
- If there is no current market value (sunk cost) do not include it

#### Cost tables to be included

- Table 11 for a project whose primary purpose is water supply, water quality, or other benefit
- Table 17 for a project whose primary purpose is flood damage reduction.
- Tables 11 and 17 must be consistent with Table 7 in the Budget section

#### Types of Benefits Allowed

- Water Supply
- Water Quality
- Other (scored with water quality)
- Flood Damage Reduction

Benefit estimates must realistically reflect what the agency would do in absence of project

#### Ways to Estimate Water Supply Benefits

- Reduced or avoided cost of an existing supply
- Increased net revenue from water sales allowed if changes in supply cost or net revenues elsewhere in California are assessed
- Avoided cost of alternative project
- Value of reduced shortage cost if other supplies are not available without the project

# Benefits/Cost Savings Tables

- Use Table 12 when, without project, no other project will be implemented. Examples include
  - Avoided water supply purchases
  - Avoided groundwater production
  - Water sales revenues
- Use Table 13 when without project, alternative project will be implemented instead
- Other (Table 14)
  - e.g., from existing studies not readily adaptable for Table 12 or 13

#### **Avoid Double-Counting Benefits**

- Applicants should count only one of the three types of benefits for a unit of physical water supply or water quality benefit in a given year
- Applicants can count different types of benefits under certain circumstances. For example: if:
  - The benefit types apply to different time periods
  - The benefit types apply to different parts of the service area

#### Examples of Projects Using More than One Benefit Type

Example 1. Buy water
to 2016, build other
project then

	AF	Other Project
Year	Purchased	Expense
2010	0	
2011	20	
2012	20	
2013	20	\$1,000
2014	20	
2015	20	
etc		
2056	20	
2057	20	
2058	20	
2059	20	

Example 2. Project			
would supply water to			
2 different areas			
	Other		
AF	Project		
Purchased	Expense		
Area 1	Area 2		
0			
50	\$5,000		
50			
50			
50			
50			
50			
50			
50			
50			
50			

# Water Quality Benefits (Table 16)

- Describe and document affected water bodies, beneficial uses, water quality constituents, and benefits
  - Impaired water bodies or sensitive habitats
  - Other affected water bodies, including groundwater
  - Water treatment or wastewater treatment cost savings
- Quantified economic benefits are typically avoided project cost or avoided treatment costs
- Mandates to improve water quality often mean the benefit is the avoided cost of some other project

## Other Benefits (Table 16)

- Water Quality and Other Benefits are scored together
- Other Benefits could include:
  - Ecosystem Restoration
  - Recreation and Public Access
  - Power Cost Savings or Power Production
  - Other Environmental Benefits
- Do not include economic impacts such as jobs or income created by construction projects

# Other Benefits Examples

- Ecosystem restoration: document where, physical measures, species, who benefits. Use Habitat Evaluation Procedure (HEP) if available
- Recreation: document where, current types and amounts of usage, apply unit day values if possible
- Power (careful not to double count with water cost savings)
- Other environmental: carbon reduction, sustainability

#### Flood Damage Reduction Benefits

- Minimum information is a qualitative description of protected area and expected benefits
- Use Expected Annual Damages (EAD) approach to quantify benefits
  - Present value calculations should assume existing conditions (current level of development) into the future
- Provide benefits information using Tables 18 and 19, or similar
- Figure 1 is not required
- Additional FRAM detail in breakout sessions (extra slide)

# Questions for Breakout Session?

#### **Considerations for Using FRAM**

- Some default data are region-specific
- DWR will accept FRAM analysis using the default data
  - If default data in FRAM is not appropriate, you may change the default data or use a different model
- If you use FRAM, provide the model with your inputs and results
- If you use a different model or analysis, provide a similar level of detail

#### Additional FRAM Information

- Documentation is provided on the DWR IRWM Implementation web page
- Specific directions:
  - Only enter data in the "Inputs" tab of the spreadsheet
  - Input numbers of structures inundated, check sq footage, construction costs, depth-damage curves.
  - OR, input results from HEC-FIA or equivalent analysis, if available
  - If you are claiming contents damage, you must consider warning time and experience Input rows 28 and 29.